

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Alcohol-Enhanced Flux Remover-ProClean, Aerosol

According to WHMIS 2015, in compliance with the Hazardous Product Act (HPA, as amended) and the requirements of the Hazardous Product Regulations (HPR)

1. Identification

Product identifier

Product name Alcohol-Enhanced Flux Remover-ProClean, Aerosol

Product number MCC-PRO16A, MCC-PRO, MCC-PRO101, MCC-PRO125, MCC-PRO12Y

Synonyms; Common Names "PRO-ProClean Flux Remover"

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Restriction on use Cleaning agent.

Uses advised againstNo specific uses advised against are identified.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier MICROCARE LLC

Manufacturer MICROCARE LLC

595 John Downey Drive New Britain, CT 06051 United States of America

CAGE: OATV9

Tel: +1 800-638-0125, +1 860-827-0626

techsupport@microcare.com

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053 (CANADA and U.S.A.)

1-352-323-3500 (from anywhere in the world)

2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

WHMIS Regulatory Status This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Product

Regulations and the SDS contains all required information.

Physical hazards Flam. Aerosol 1 - H222

Health hazards Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Repr. 1A - H360 STOT SE 1 - H370 STOT SE 3 - H336

Environmental hazards Not Classified

Human health Splashes in the eyes may cause redness and irritation. Keep out of the reach of children. See

Section 11 for additional information on health hazards.

Physicochemical Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding

50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Label elements

Alcohol-Enhanced Flux Remover-ProClean, Aerosol

Hazard pictograms







Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label

information

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request. RCH001a For use in industrial installations

only.

Contains

PROPAN-2-OL, METHANOL

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| PR | OP | A١ | 1-2- | OL |
|----|----|----|------|----|
|----|----|----|------|----|

30-60% Trade secret

CAS number: 67-63-0

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

ETHANOL

30-60%

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

CAS number: 64-17-5

Alcohol-Enhanced Flux Remover-ProClean, Aerosol

HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane 10-30%

CAS number: 811-97-2

Classification

Press. Gas, Liquefied - H280 Simple Asphyxiants - Category 1

METHANOL 1-5% Trade secret

CAS number: 67-56-1

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 Repr. 1A - H360 STOT SE 1 - H370

ISOBUTYL METHYL KETONE

0.1-1% Trade secret

CAS number: 108-10-1

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H335

ETHYL ACETATE 0.1-1% Trade secret

CAS number: 141-78-6

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

Composition comments TSCA: The ingredients of this product are on the TSCA Inventory. The exact percentage

(concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with

paragraph (i) of CFR 1900.1200

Ingredient notes Denaturants in Ethanol include Methanol, CAS# 67-56-1; MIBK, CAS# 108-10-1 and Ethyl

acetate, CAS# 141-78-6

Composition

4. First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

personnel.

Alcohol-Enhanced Flux Remover-ProClean, Aerosol

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery

position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if

the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical

attention if symptoms are severe or persist.

Skin contact Rinse with water.

Eye contact Rinse with water. Do not rub eye. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart.

Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain or irritation. Intoxication.

Narcotic effect. Muscle weakness. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged or repeated exposure may

cause the following adverse effects: May cause cancer.

Ingestion Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur. Prolonged or

repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause cancer.

Skin contact A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain. Prolonged or repeated

exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause cancer.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder

or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the hazardous product

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and

propellant. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Harmful gases or vapours.

Advice for firefighters

Alcohol-Enhanced Flux Remover-ProClean, Aerosol

Protective actions during firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing that provides a basic level of protection during chemical incidents is defined by the Canada Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, by provincial guidelines on occupational health and safety or by NFPA standards if applicable.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Risk of explosion. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. Small Spillages: Wipe up with an absorbent cloth and dispose of waste safely. Large Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. May cause cancer. May cause genetic defects. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists.

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Advice on general Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash

occupational hygiene contaminated clothing before reuse.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep away from oxidizing materials,

heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Protect from sunlight. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures. Do not expose to

temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Storage class Chemical storage.

Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

Reference to other sections. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10).

8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

PROPAN-2-OL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 200 ppm 492 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 400 ppm 984 mg/m³

ETHANOL

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 1000 ppm 1880 mg/m³ A3

HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 4240 mg/m³

METHANOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 200 ppm 262 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 250 ppm 328 mg/m³ Sk

ISOBUTYL METHYL KETONE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 20 ppm 82 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 75 ppm 307 mg/m³ A3

ETHYL ACETATE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 400 ppm 1440 mg/m³ ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

A3 = Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans.

A4 = Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen.

Sk = Danger of cutaneous absorption.

Exposure controls

Protective equipment







Alcohol-Enhanced Flux Remover-ProClean, Aerosol

Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. Good general ventilation should be adequate to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Eve/face protection

Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a fullface respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.9), and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and safety at work. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Other skin and body protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.

Hygiene measures

Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Respiratory protection

Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.7), and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and safety at work. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.7), and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and safety at work. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.7), and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and safety at work.

Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

Colour Clear liquid. Colourless.

Odour Alcoholic.

Odour threshold No information available.

pН No information available.

Melting point No information available.

Initial boiling point and range 77.6°C/172°F @ 101.3 kPa

Flash point 17°C/62.6°F Tag open cup.

Evaporation rate No information available.

Evaporation factor No information available.

Alcohol-Enhanced Flux Remover-ProClean, Aerosol

Flammability (solid, gas) No information available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Upper flammable/explosive limit: 12.7 %(V) Lower flammable/explosive limit: 2.0 %(V)

Other flammability No information available.

Vapour pressure 5.2 kPa @ 20°C

Vapour density 1.82
Relative density 0.79

Bulk density No information available.

Solubility(ies) Completely soluble in water.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Decomposition Temperature No information available.

Viscosity No information available.

Explosive propertiesNo information available.

Oxidising properties There are no chemical groups present in the product that are associated with oxidizing

properties.

No information available.

Comments Aerosol

Global Warming Potential

Auto-ignition temperature

(GWP)

Surface tension

Refractive index No information available.

Particle size Not applicable.

Molecular weight Not applicable.

Volatility 100%

Saturation concentration No information available.

Critical temperature No information available.

Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 785 g/litre.

Heat of vaporization (at boiling

point), cal/g (Btu/lb)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity See the other subsections of this section for further details.

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidizing agents.

Alcohol-Enhanced Flux Remover-ProClean, Aerosol

Conditions to avoid Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Pressurized

container: may burst if heated

Materials to avoid No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a

hazardous situation.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅o) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 6,274.51

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 18,823.53

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 188.24

ATE inhalation (dusts/mists

mg/l)

31.37

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitization

Skin sensitization Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC carcinogenicity Contains a substance/a group of substances which may cause cancer. IARC Group 1

Carcinogenic to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 3 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. STOT SE 2 - H371 May cause

damage to organs.

Alcohol-Enhanced Flux Remover-ProClean, Aerosol

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure
Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information May cause cancer after repeated exposure. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure. May cause genetic defects. The severity of the symptoms described will vary

dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain or irritation. Intoxication.

Narcotic effect. Muscle weakness. Nausea, vomiting.

Ingestion Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.

Skin contact A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs Central nervous system

Toxicological information on ingredients

PROPAN-2-OL

Carcinogenicity

IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

NTP carcinogenicity Not listed.

ETHANOL

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)

20,000.0

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

20,000.0

HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane

Other health effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ gases ppmV)

567,000.0

Species

Rat

ATE inhalation (gases

567,000.0

ppmV)

Inhalation Vapours irritate the respiratory system. May cause coughing and difficulties in

breathing.

Alcohol-Enhanced Flux Remover-ProClean, Aerosol

Ingestion May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and

intoxication.

Skin contact May cause allergic contact eczema. Contact with liquid form may cause frostbite.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

METHANOL

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Toxic if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 100.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 300.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅o) Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Toxic if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

3.0

ATE inhalation

(dusts/mists mg/l)

0.5

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal dataBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

damage/irritation

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitization

Skin sensitization Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

development

fertility

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 1 - H370 Causes damage to organs .

Alcohol-Enhanced Flux Remover-ProClean, Aerosol

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information

The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration

and the length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Drowsiness, dizziness,

disorientation, vertigo. Unconsciousness. High concentrations may be fatal.

Ingestion May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause severe internal injury.

Skin contact A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain.

Eye contact No specific symptoms known.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs No specific target organs known.

ISOBUTYL METHYL KETONE

Carcinogenicity

IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have

hazardous effects on the environment.

Ecological information on ingredients

METHANOL

Ecotoxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills

may have hazardous effects on the environment.

Toxicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Ecological information on ingredients

PROPAN-2-OL

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 9,640 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅o, 48 hours: 5102 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

IC₅₀, 72 hours: >2,000 mg/l, Algae

ETHANOL

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: >10,000 mg/l, Fish

Alcohol-Enhanced Flux Remover-ProClean, Aerosol

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 48 hours: 7,800 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

, 96 hours: 1000 mg/l, Freshwater algae

HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 450 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 48 hours: 980 mg/l, Daphnia magna

METHANOL

Toxicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: >100 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅o, 48 hours: >10000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Ecological information on ingredients

ETHANOL

Persistence and

degradability

The product is expected to be biodegradable.

METHANOL

Persistence and

degradability

The degradability of the product is not known.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients

PROPAN-2-OL

Partition coefficient : 0.05

ETHANOL

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient No information available.

HFC-134a Tetrafluoroethane

Partition coefficient Pow: 1.06

Alcohol-Enhanced Flux Remover-ProClean, Aerosol

METHANOL

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient : -0.77

Mobility in soil

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces.

Ecological information on ingredients

ETHANOL

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

METHANOL

Mobility No data available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

Ecological information on ingredients

METHANOL

Other adverse effects None known.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle

products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methodsDo not empty into drains. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of

the risk of an explosion. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers,

labeled with their contents.

14. Transport information

UN number

UN No. (IMDG) 1950 **UN No. (ICAO)** 1950

UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (TDG) LIMITED QUANTITY

Proper shipping name (IMDG) UN1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY

Proper shipping name (ICAO) UN1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY

Proper shipping name (DOT) LIMITED QUANTITY

Alcohol-Enhanced Flux Remover-ProClean, Aerosol

Transport hazard class(es)

IMDG class 2.1 LIMITED QUANTITY

ICAO class/division 2.1 LIMITED QUANTITY

Packing group

TDG packing group N/A

IMDG packing group N/A

ICAO packing group N/A

DOT packing group N/A

Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

Special precautions for user

EmS F-D, S-U

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

Inventories

Canada - DSL/NDSL

DSL

US - TSCA

Present.

US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

Not listed.

16. Other information

Classification abbreviations Aerosol = Aerosol

and acronyms Carc. = Carcinogenicity

Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation

Muta. = Germ cell mutagenicity

STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure

Training advice Only trained personnel should use this material.

Revision comments NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

Revision date 2021-05-25

Revision 78

Supersedes date 2021-05-21

SDS number AEROSOL - PRO

Alcohol-Enhanced Flux Remover-ProClean, Aerosol

Hazard statements in full H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.